

HW #3 (2025)

1. (a) Prove that $\int_{t_0}^t G(t') [dw(t')]^{2+N} = 0$

for $N = 1, 2, 3, \dots$, where $G(t)$ is an arbitrary non-anticipating function.

(b) Similarly, prove that

$$\int_{t_0}^t G(t') dt' dw(t') = 0$$

2. Consider a 1D Brownian particle moving in a constant gravitational field:

$$dx = -g dt + \sqrt{D} dw(t) \quad \text{Itô}$$

The particle moves on the interval $[a, b]$ with reflecting boundary conditions.

Find the steady-state solution $p_{ss}(x)$ of the corresponding Fokker-Planck equation.

③ Consider 1D Ornstein-Uhlenbeck process:

$$dx = -kx dt + \sqrt{D} dw(t) \quad \text{Itô}$$

Simulate this SDE using the
Cauchy-Euler approach. Plot $\tilde{p}_{ss}(x)$
extracted from the simulations and
compare it with

$$p_{ss}(x) = \sqrt{\frac{k}{\pi D}} e^{-\frac{kx^2}{D}} \quad \text{derived in class.}$$