

HW #5

[20 points per problem]

1. Show that for a Hamiltonian

$$H = -J \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \vec{S}_i \cdot \vec{S}_j, \text{ where } \vec{S}_i \text{ is a unit vector}$$

↑
nnb sum (classical Heisenberg model),

the mean-field equations may be written as follows, with the trial Hamiltonian

$$H_0 = -\vec{H}_0 \cdot \sum_{i=1}^N \vec{S}_i ;$$

$$\left\{ \vec{H}_0 = Jz \langle \vec{S} \rangle_0, \right.$$

$$\left. F_{mf} = -k_B T \log Z_0 + \frac{JzN}{2} \langle \vec{S} \rangle_0^2 \right.$$

↑ mean-field free en.

Here, $N = \#$ spins, $z =$ coordination #,

$\langle \dots \rangle_0 =$ average wrt H_0 .
thermal

$$\text{Finally, } Z_0 = \int \dots \int_{\Omega_1 \dots \Omega_N} d\Omega_1 \dots d\Omega_N e^{-\beta H_0} =$$
$$= \left[\int_{\Omega} d\Omega e^{\beta \vec{H}_0 \cdot \vec{S}} \right]^N.$$

- ② Consider the spin-1 Ising model on the 1D lattice, with $H=0$:

$$\mathcal{H} = -J \sum_{i=1}^N S_i S_{i+1}, \quad S_i = 0, \pm 1.$$

Periodic BCs

Using the transfer matrix technique, calculate f , the free energy per spin, in the thermodynamic limit. Show that it has the expected behavior in the $T \rightarrow 0$ and $T \rightarrow \infty$ limits.

- ③ Consider the spin- $\frac{1}{2}$ Ising model on the 1D lattice:

$$\mathcal{H} = -J \sum_{i=1}^N S_i S_{i+1} - H \sum_{i=1}^N S_i.$$

Using auxiliary variables

$$\int x = e^{-4\beta J},$$

$$\int h = \beta H$$

check that for small x and h , the reduced free en. per spin and the magnetization per spin can be recast in the scaling form.

Find the scaling forms and the corresponding exponents γ_1 and γ_2 .

Critical