

## Problem Set 1

1) Evaluate the following Greens functions for a free Fermi gas. Take the average  $\langle \rangle$  with respect to a state characterized by a distribution function  $\langle a_p^\dagger a_p \rangle = n_p$

Evaluate the Fourier Transform in space and time of the following Greens functions.

- a)  $G^t(1, 2) = -i \langle T(\psi(x_1 t_1) \psi^\dagger(x_2 t_2)) \rangle$
- b)  $G^{\tilde{t}}(1, 2) = -i \langle \tilde{T}(\psi(x_1 t_1) \psi^\dagger(x_2 t_2)) \rangle$
- c)  $G^>(1, 2) = -i \langle \psi(x_1 t_1) \psi^\dagger(x_2 t_2) \rangle$
- d)  $G^<(1, 2) = i \langle \psi^\dagger(x_2 t_2) \psi(x_1 t_1) \rangle$
- e)  $G^K(1, 2) = -i \langle [\psi(x_1 t_1), \psi^\dagger(x_2 t_2)] \rangle$
- f)  $G^R(1, 2) = -i\theta(t_1 - t_2) \langle \{\psi(x_1 t_1) \psi^\dagger(x_2 t_2)\} \rangle$
- g)  $G^A(1, 2) = i\theta(t_2 - t_1) \langle \{\psi(x_1 t_1) \psi^\dagger(x_2 t_2)\} \rangle$

Compare them with the Fourier transform of the Matsubara Greens function.  $g(\tau, x) = - \langle T(\psi(\tau, x) \psi^\dagger(0, 0)) \rangle$ .