

Solution ~~B~~ Prob Set 4

Ex 8.1

I ran the code (modified from Jason Rebello's ~~B~~ in
mathworks file exchange)
~~code~~ with $\lambda = 0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10$.

I did not see big dependence of λ . Still if I followed the best λ from 5 fold cross validation, these are the numbers I got for error rates

	cv training	test	λ_{opt}
normalized	0.077	0.087	1
log	0.056	0.057	10
binary	0.070	0.072	1

In different runs, the shallow min error λ ~~could~~ came out at a different value. The error rates were roughly the same.

Ex 14.1

a) $\phi(x_1) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ c \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ $\phi(x_2) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$

The vector separating them is $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$\omega = \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

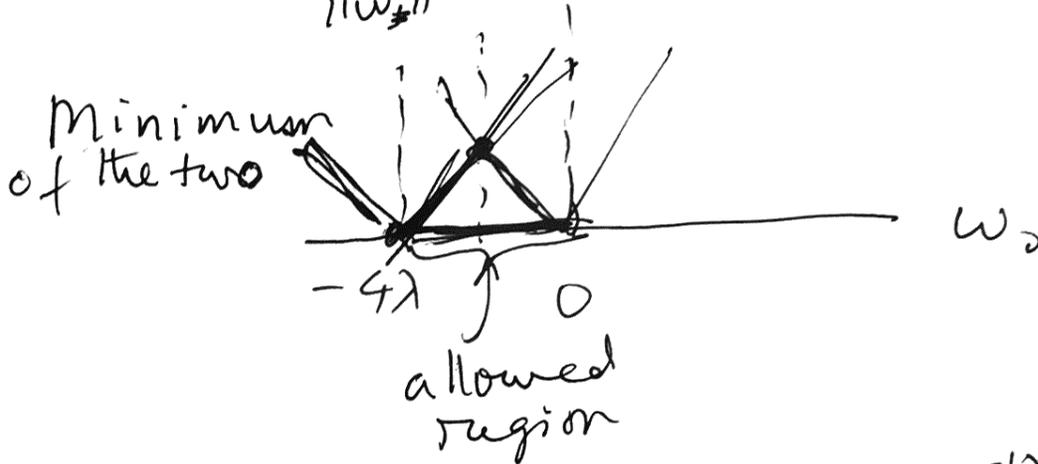


$\omega^T \phi(x_1) = 0$

$\omega^T \phi(x_2) = 4\lambda$

Depending on ω_0 , Pt 1,

is at $\frac{|\omega_0|}{\|\omega_0\|}$ and pt. 2 is at $\frac{4\lambda + \omega_0}{\|\omega_0\|}$



Best $\omega_0 = -2\lambda$

$\frac{2\lambda}{\lambda\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}$

c) If we insist that $y(\omega^T \phi(x) + \omega_0) \geq 1$

Then $2\lambda \geq 1$ or $\lambda \geq \frac{1}{2}$

Since margin $\frac{1}{\|\omega\|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\lambda}$, we have margin $= \sqrt{2}$

d) ~~1.4.7~~ The two vectors are:

$$\phi(x_1) = (1, 0, 0)^T \quad y_1 = -1$$

$$\phi(x_2) = (1, 2, 2)^T \quad y_2 = +1$$

$$\min \|\omega\|^2 \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \begin{aligned} y_1 (\omega^T \phi(x_1) + \omega_0) &\geq 1 \\ y_2 (\omega^T \phi(x_2) + \omega_0) &\geq 1 \end{aligned}$$

So minimize $\omega_1^2 + \omega_2^2 + \omega_3^2$
 Subject to $\omega_1 + \omega_0 \leq -1$

$$\omega_1 + 2(\omega_2 + \omega_3) + \omega_0 \geq 1$$

$$\min_{\omega, \lambda} \left[\omega_1^2 + \omega_2^2 + \omega_3^2 - \lambda_1 (-\omega_1 - \omega_0 - 1) - \lambda_2 (\omega_1 + 2\omega_2 + 2\omega_3 + \omega_0 - 1) \right] \quad \lambda_1, \lambda_2 \geq 0$$

First ω_0 variation gives $\lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = \lambda$

$$\max_{\lambda} \min_{\omega} \left[\omega_1^2 + \omega_2^2 + \omega_3^2 - 2\lambda (\omega_2 + \omega_3 - 1) \right]$$

$$\nabla_{\omega} \Rightarrow 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \begin{aligned} \omega_1 &= 0 \\ \omega_2 &= \lambda \\ \omega_3 &= \lambda \end{aligned}$$

With only two points, one positive and the other negative, both are support vectors.

So.

$$y_1 \omega^T \phi(x_1) + \omega_0 = 1$$

$$y_2 \omega^T \phi(x_2) + \omega_0 = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow (-1) \left[(0, \lambda, \lambda) \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \omega_0 \right] = 1 \Rightarrow \boxed{\omega_0 = -1}$$

and

$$(+1) \left[(0, \lambda, \lambda) \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \omega_0 \right] = 1 \Rightarrow 4\lambda + \omega_0 = 1$$

$$\boxed{\lambda = \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\omega_0 = -1 \quad \begin{pmatrix} \omega_1 \\ \omega_2 \\ \omega_3 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

e) Discriminant function

$$f(x) = \omega_0 + \omega^T \phi(x)$$

$$= -1 + \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{x^2}{2}$$

