

Rutgers EIC meeting
14–15 March 2010

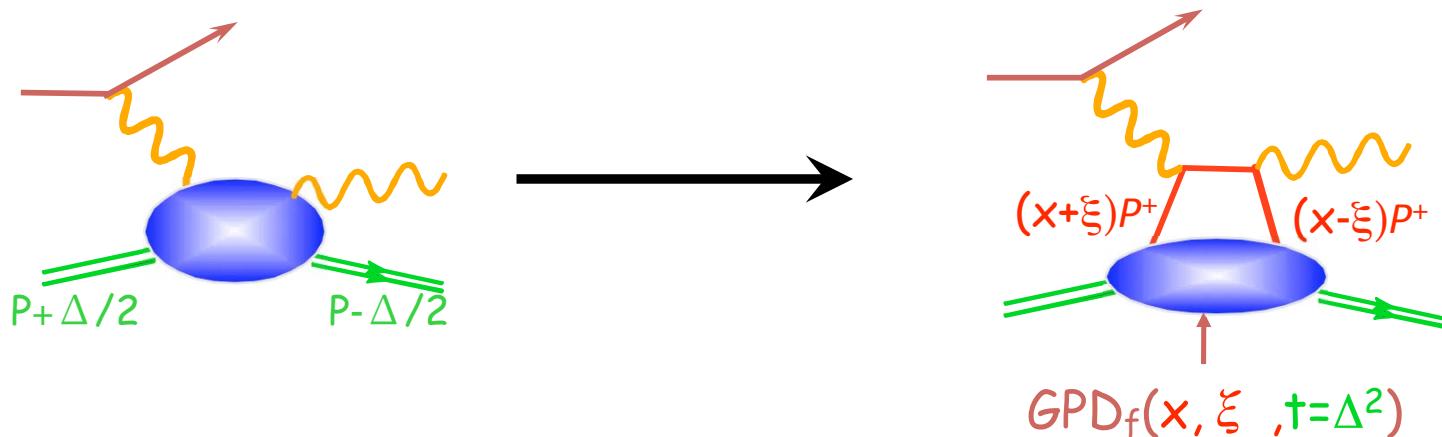
Spectator Tagging for Deep Virtual Compton Scattering on a Bound Nucleon in Deuterium $D(e,e'\gamma pn_S)$ and $D(e,e'\gamma np_S)$

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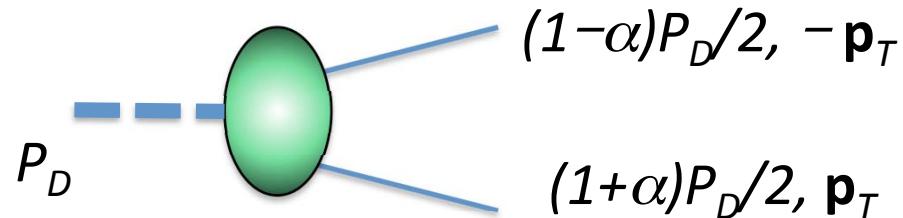
Université Blaise Pascal, and

Old Dominion University

DVCS on a Nucleon



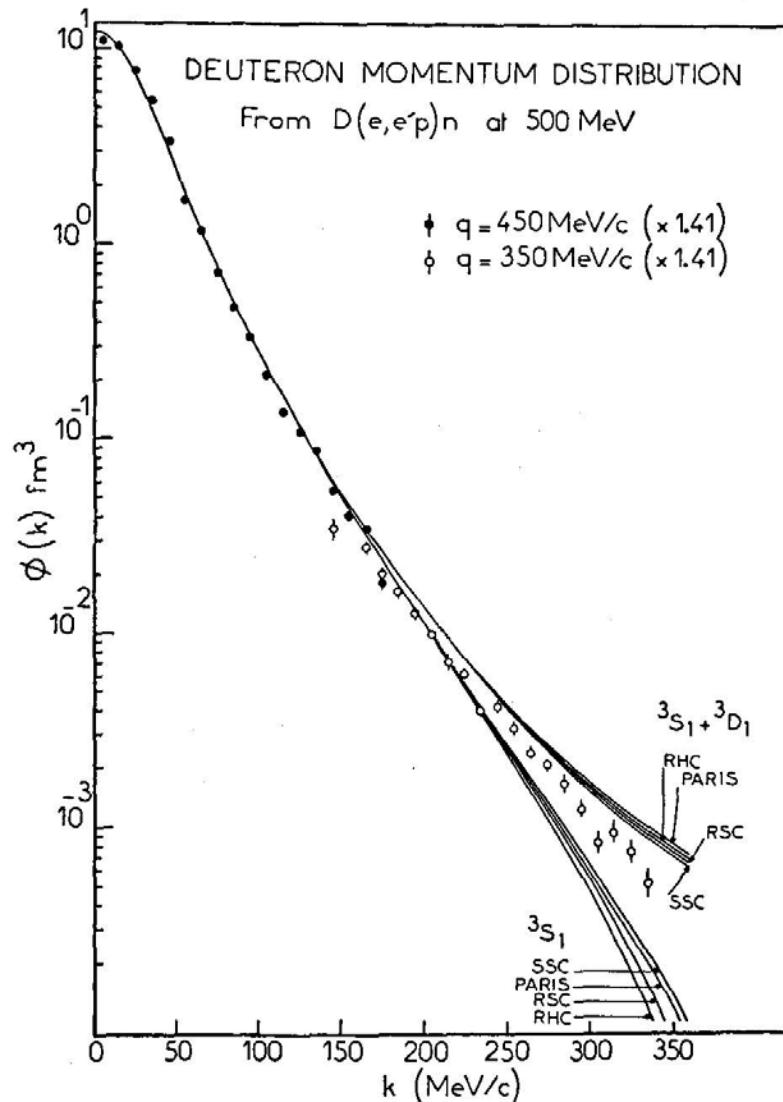
- Spectator Kinematics



$$\alpha = \frac{\vec{P}_D \cdot \vec{p}}{|\vec{P}_D| E_D}$$

Deuteron Momentum Distribution

- Beam divergence at IP of 60 GeV/c Deuteron is $\approx 0.3 \text{ mr}$
- Intrinsic uncertainty in transverse momentum of neutron in deuteron:
 $P_T(n) \approx (0.3 \text{ mr})(30 \text{ GeV/c}) \approx 10 \text{ MeV/c}$



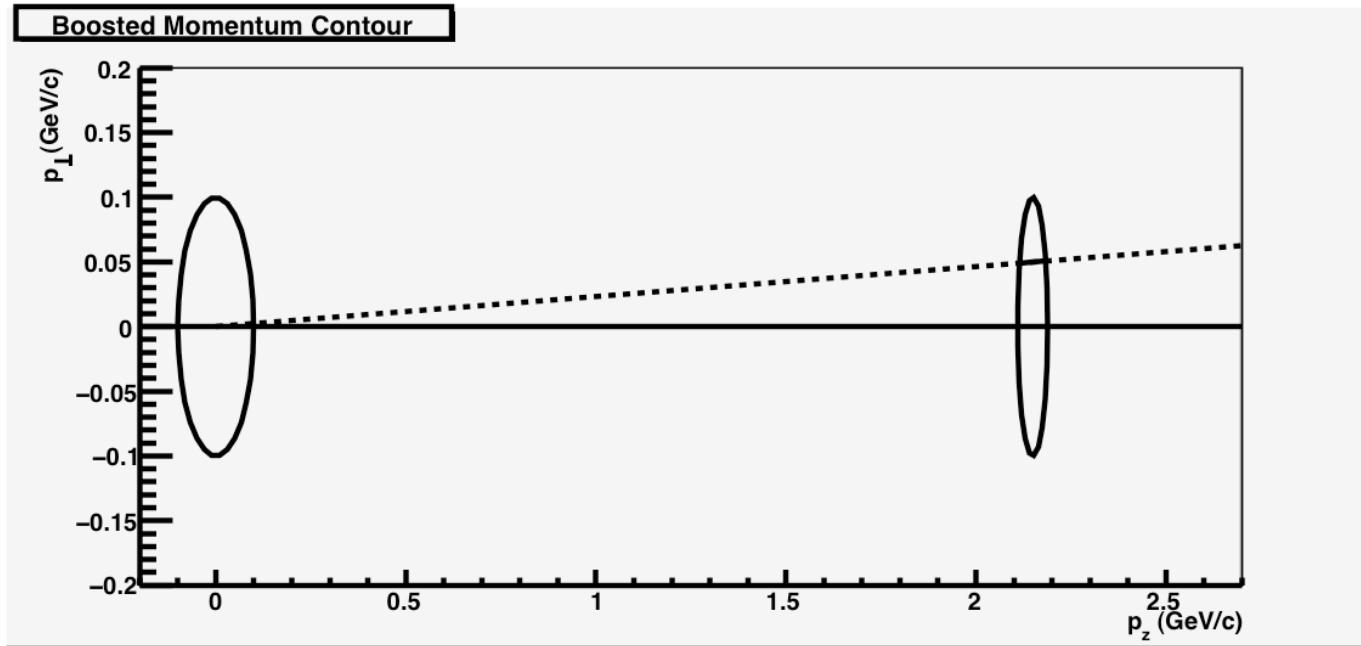
Quasi-Free Kinematics-Neutron

- Spectator Proton
 - Final state momentum $P_p = (1+\alpha)P_D/2, p_T$
 - Proton has one half of deuteron rigidity
 - Detect in dipole spectrometer
- DVCS neutron,
 - $\Delta_T > 300 \text{ MeV}/c$
 - Negligible overlap with initial state momentum distribution
 - Detect in Hadron Calorimeter
- Reaction is over complete even without $|p|$ measurement of neutron.

Quasi-Free Kinematics-Proton

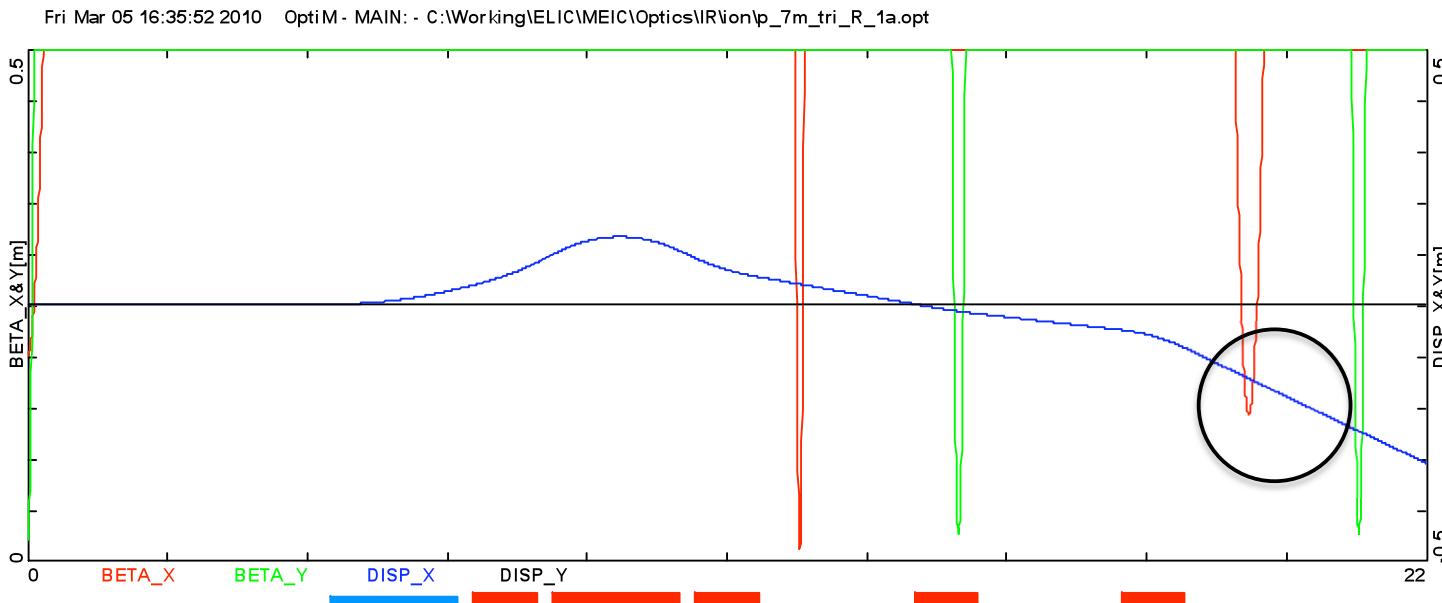
- Spectator Neutron
 - Final state momentum $P_n = (1+\alpha)P_D/2, p$
 - Hadron Calorimeter at 0° downstream of dipole
 - Angular resolution $\approx 1 \text{ cm} / 10 \text{ m} \approx 1 \text{ mr}$
 - Nominal transverse momentum $(30 \text{ GeV/c})\theta_n \pm 30 \text{ MeV/c}$
 - Partially Occluded by FF Quads, Acceptance > 50%
- DVCS Proton,
 - $P_p = (1+\alpha-2\xi)P_D/2, -p+\Delta_T$
 - $\Delta_T > 300 \text{ MeV/c}$
 - Negligible overlap with initial state momentum distribution
 - Forward tracking outside FF-Quads even without forward dipole
 - $\theta p > (300 \text{ MeV/c})/(30 \text{ GeV/c}) = 10 \text{ mr}$
 - Quad shadow $\approx 10 \text{ mr}$.
- Reaction is over complete even without $|p|$ measurement of 2 of final state particles.
 - Test of exclusivity

Spectator Neutron tagging at angle θ_n



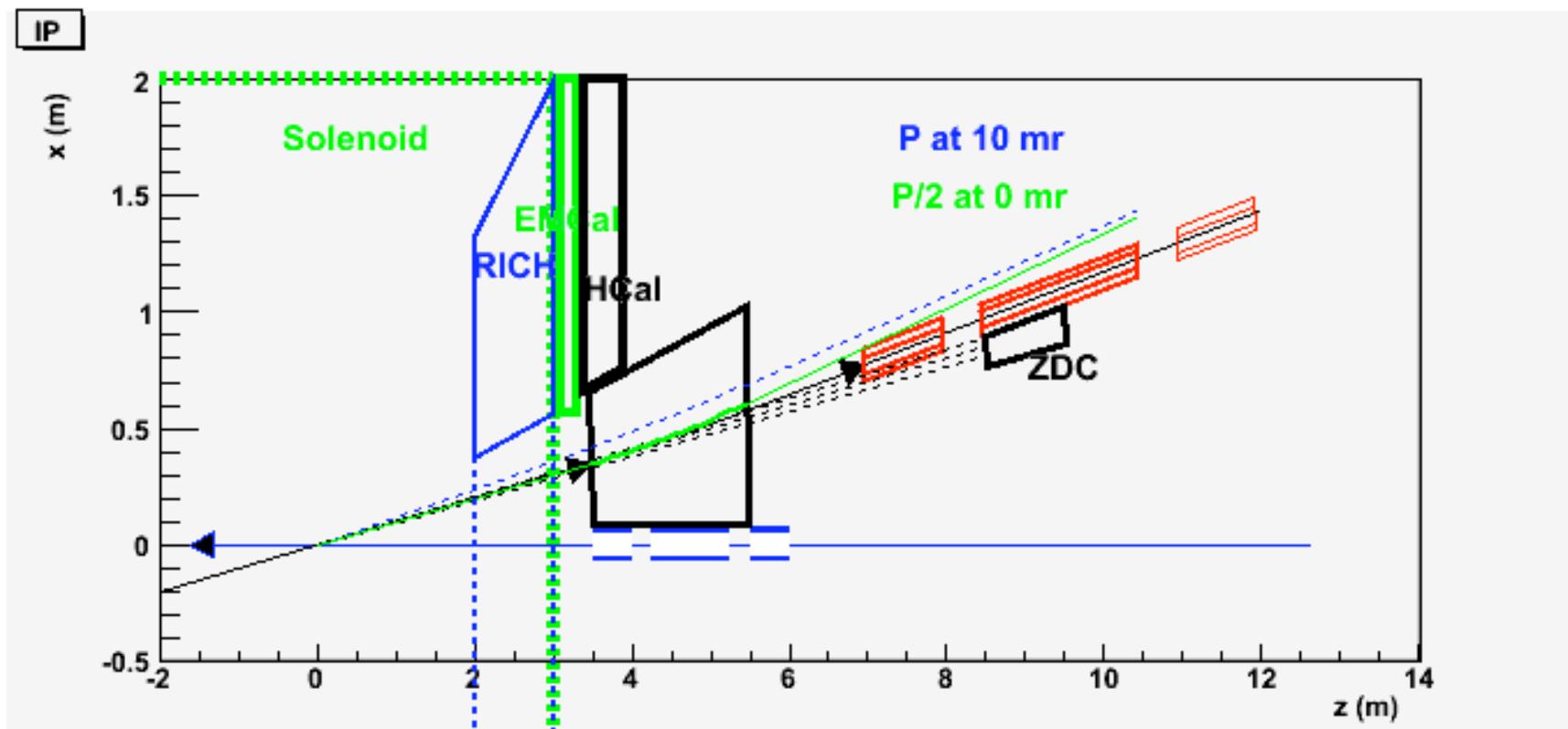
- Contour at $p = 100$ MeV/c
D at rest (left) or boosted (right, small boost for clarity)
- Spectator Neutron θ_n integrates over slice of momentum distribution.
 - Dominated by $p_T = (P_D/2)\tan\theta_n$

Example of Far-Forward Tagging



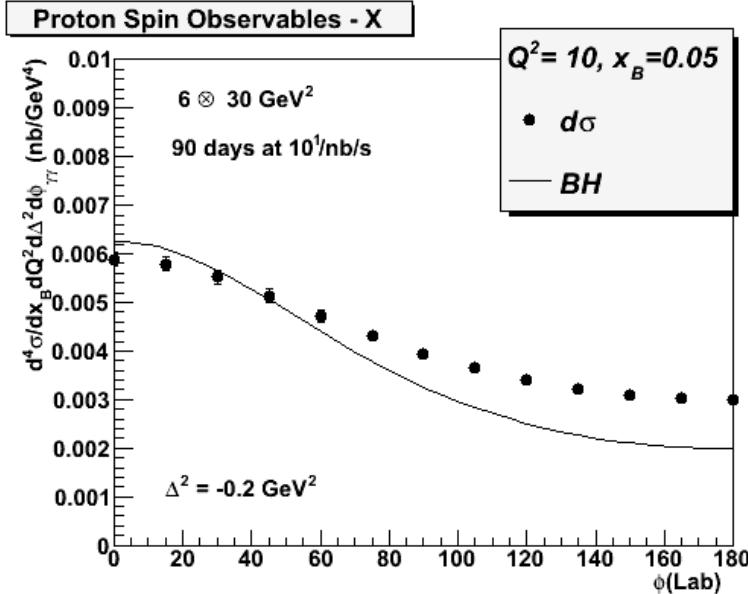
- After first FODO cell after FF Triplet
 - Dispersion ≈ 20 cm
 - $\beta_x \approx 20$ cm
- Momentum Resolution $\delta p/p \approx 2 \cdot 10^{-3}$.
 - Detectors more than 1 cm from beam.
- Additional Bend of > 100 mr downstream to straighten out beam line

Interaction Point Region

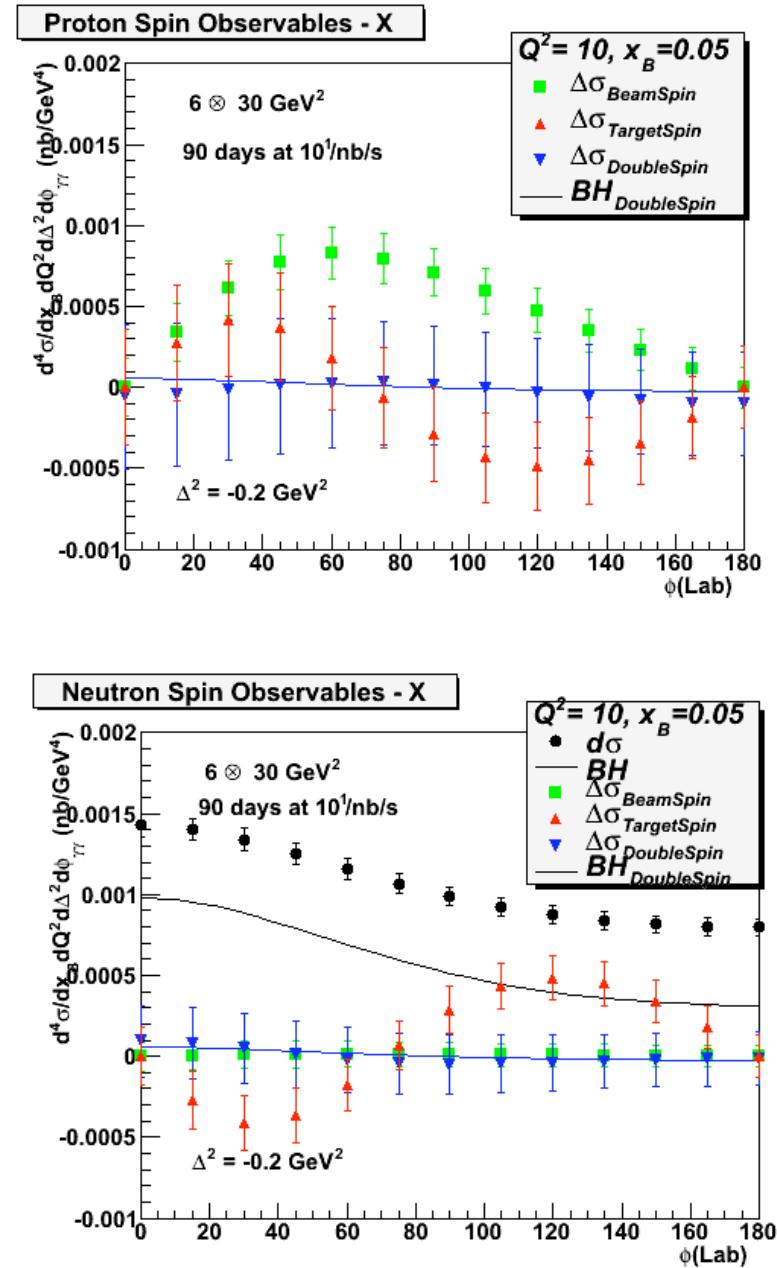


- Neutron spectators in ZDC
- Proton spectators tracked with Dipole

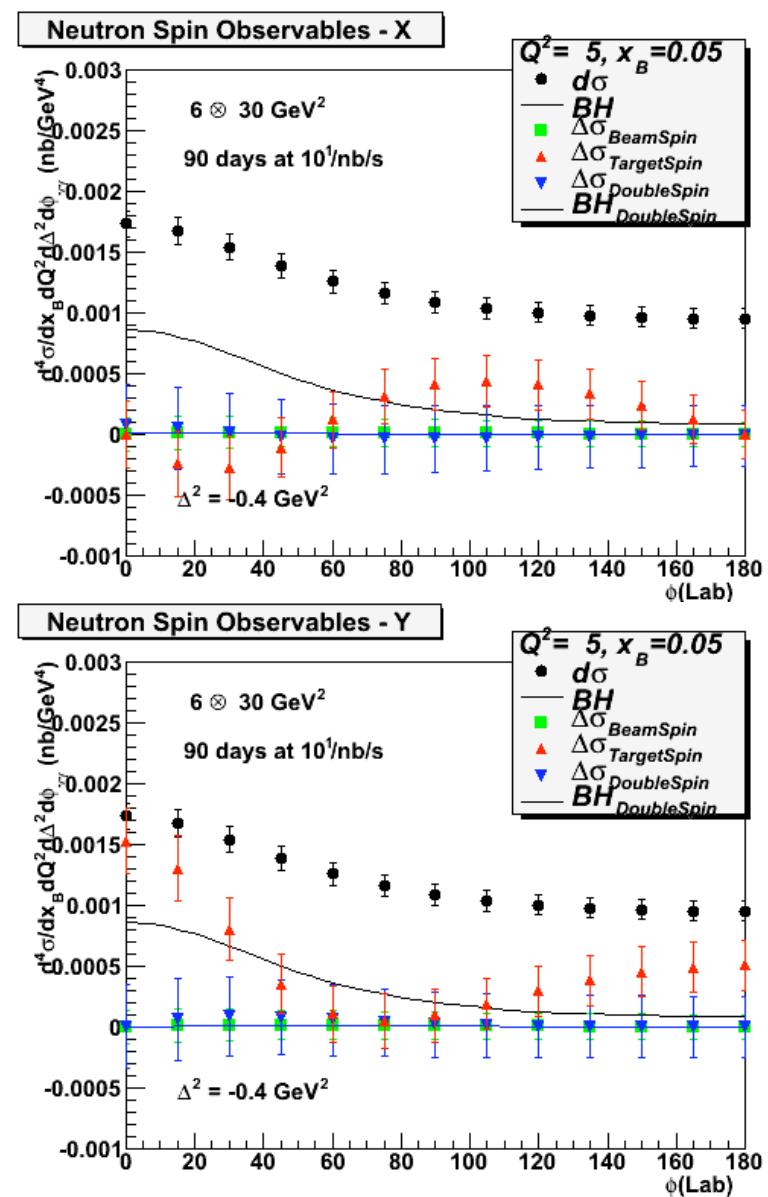
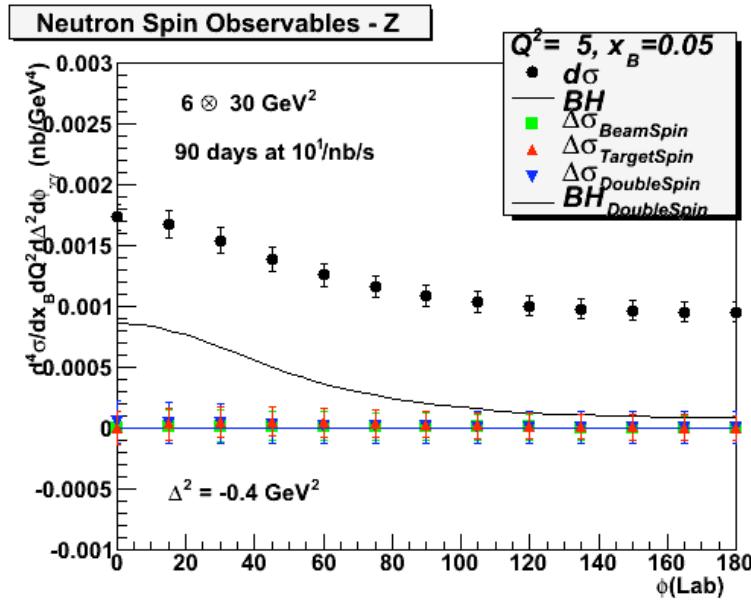
Sample Count Rates



- $L=10^{34}/\text{cm}^2/\text{s}$
- $\Delta Q^2 = 0.4 Q^2$
- $\Delta x_B = x_B/\sqrt{2}$
- $\Delta t = 0.1 \text{ GeV}^2$.
- VGG code M. Guidal
 - Twist-2 only

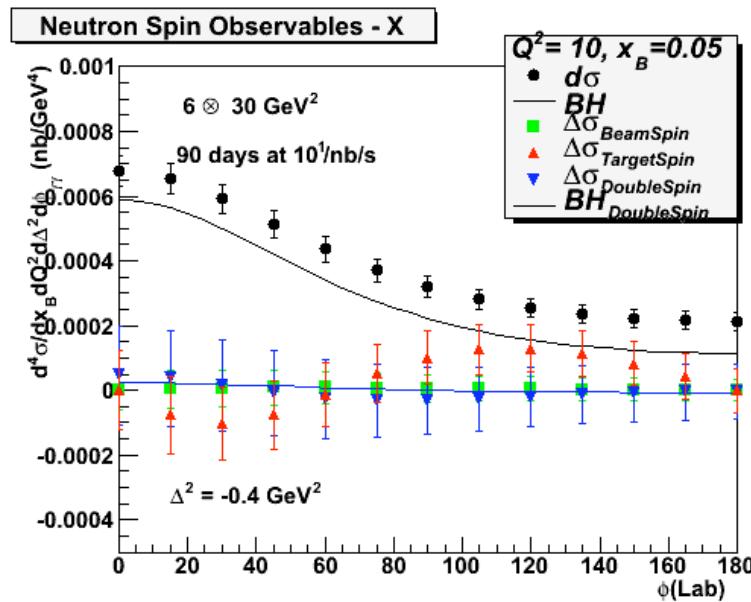
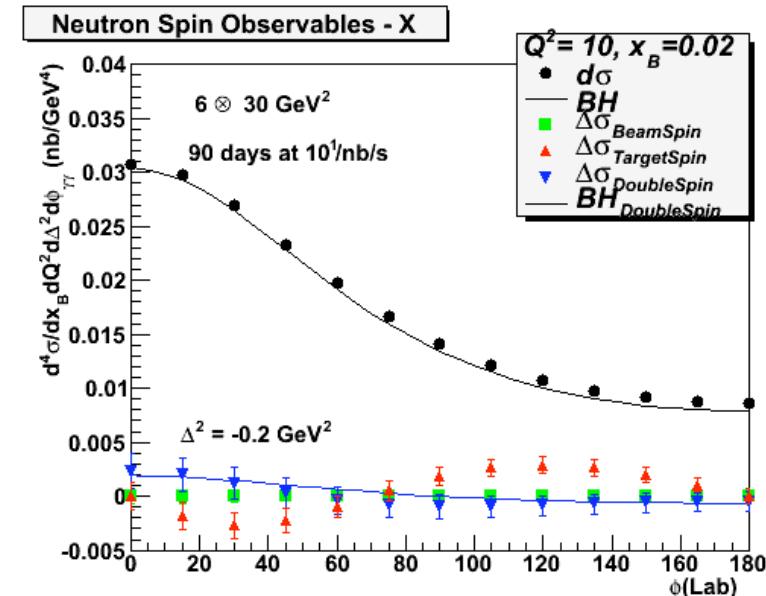
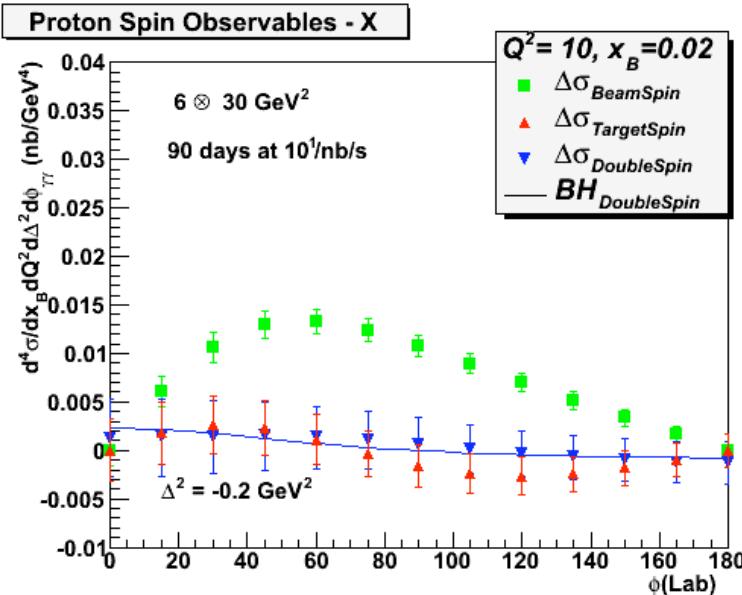


Full Spin Observables



- Neutron
- $\Delta^2 = -0.4 \text{ GeV}^2$.
- Count rates larger on bound proton

x_B dependence



- Spin observables are very model dependent
- “Zero” is an artifact of GPD parametrization.
- proton and neutron unpolarized cross sections dominated by BH at low x
 - Test for binding effects?

Conclusions

- Extensive program of DVCS on tagged protons and tagged neutrons is possible.
 - Complete spin observables
 - Fully differential cross sections.
- Design of forward tracking and Calorimetry needed
 - PID is less important for exclusive reactions, more important for SIDIS
- Need studies differential in initial momentum
 - (α, p_T)
- 10^{34} luminosity is minimum useful for $x_B \geq 0.02$