

HW #1

- ① goldstein Ch. 1, Ex. 12 (escape velocity)

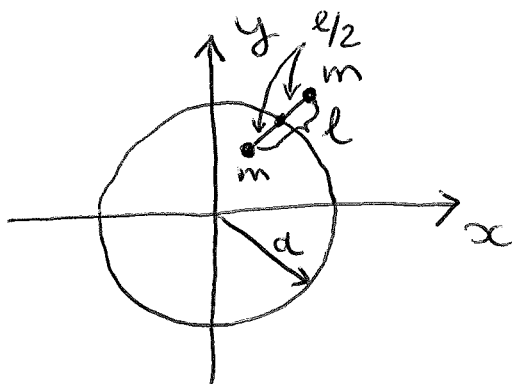
Note:
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{kg} \cdot \text{s}^2} & \text{gravitational constant} \\ M = 5.98 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg} & \text{Earth mass} \\ R = 6.38 \times 10^6 \text{ m} & \text{Earth radius} \end{array} \right.$$

- ② goldstein Ch. 1, Ex. 13 (rockets)

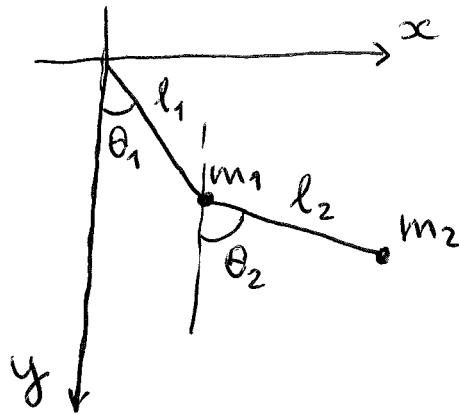
Note:
$$\begin{array}{l} v' = 2.1 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s}} \\ \text{"} \\ |\vec{v}'| \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{(typo in 2001} \\ \text{edition of} \\ \text{the book)} \end{array}$$

- ③ goldstein Ch. 1, Ex. 14 (rod on a circle)

Note: This is a 2D system

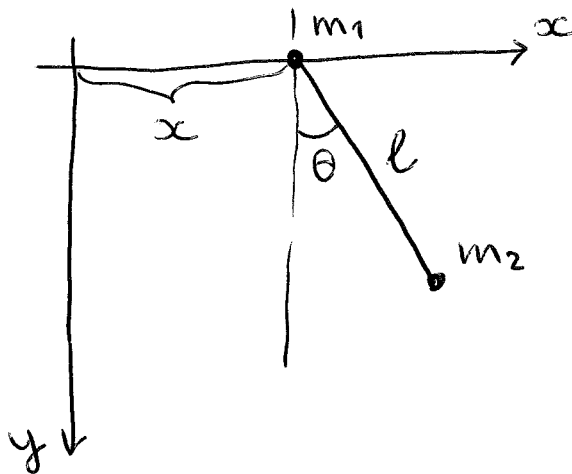


4. Find the Lagrangian $\mathcal{L}$ for the double pendulum:



generalized coords:
 $\{\theta_1, \theta_2\}$

5. Find the Lagrangian $\mathcal{L}$ for the sliding pendulum:



generalized coords:
 $\{x, \theta\}$

Note: m_1 can slide along the x -axis (no friction)