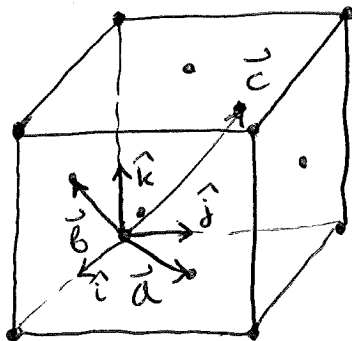


①. D. Ch. 1, Pr. 1

The primitive basis vectors are

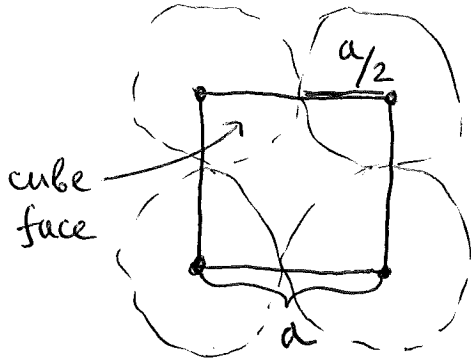
$$\begin{cases} \vec{a} = \left(\frac{a}{2}, \frac{a}{2}, 0\right), \\ \vec{b} = \left(0, \frac{a}{2}, \frac{a}{2}\right), \\ \vec{c} = \left(\frac{a}{2}, 0, \frac{a}{2}\right) \end{cases}$$

The Bravais lattice is fcc: all points in the fcc lattice are linear combinations of $\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}$:



② D. Ch. 1, Pr. 4

sc: $r_{sc} = \frac{a}{2}$, $V_{sc} = \frac{4\pi}{3} \left(\frac{a}{2}\right)^3$

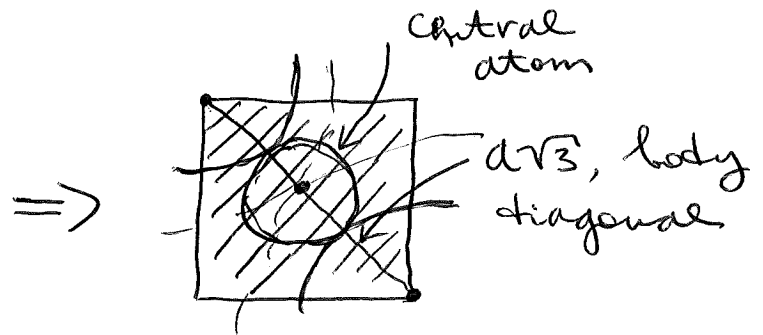
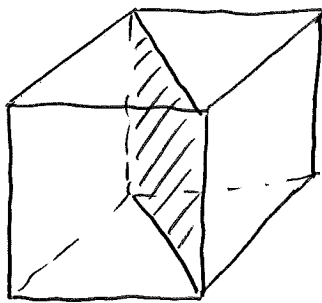


1 atom per unit cell:

packing ratio

$$P_f^{sc} = \frac{4\pi}{3} \left(\frac{a}{2}\right)^3 \frac{1}{a^3} = \frac{\pi}{6} \approx 0.52$$

bcc:

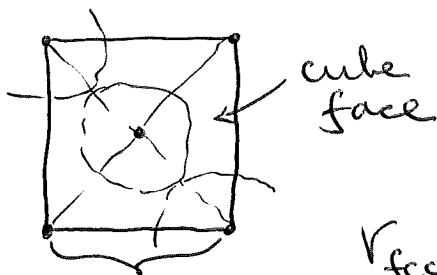


$$r_{bcc} = \frac{d\sqrt{3}}{4} \quad (\text{spheres touch on the body diagonal})$$

Note that $r_{bcc} < r_{sc}$, but there are 2 atoms per unit cell:

$$P_f^{bcc} = 2 \times \frac{4\pi}{3} \left(\frac{d\sqrt{3}}{4}\right)^3 \frac{1}{a^3} = \frac{\pi\sqrt{3}}{8} \approx 0.68 > P_f^{sc}$$

fcc:



$$r_{fcc} = \frac{d\sqrt{2}}{4} \quad (\text{spheres touch on the face diagonal})$$

$r_{fcc} < r_{bcc}$, but with 4 atoms per unit cell,

$$P_f^{fcc} = 4 \times \frac{4\pi}{3} \left(\frac{a\sqrt{2}}{4} \right)^3 \frac{1}{a^3} = \frac{\pi\sqrt{2}}{6} \approx 0.74 > P_f^{bcc}$$

↑
ideal packing ratio

③ The bcc lattice has $V=a^3$ & 2 atoms per unit cell. Thus the volume of the primitive unit cell is $a^3/2$.

Similarly, the fcc lattice has $V=a^3$ & 4 atoms per unit cell. Thus the volume of the primitive unit cell is $a^3/4$.

④ Intercepts are $(4, 2, \bar{3})$.

Reciprocals are $(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \bar{\frac{1}{3}}) \Rightarrow$

\Rightarrow the Miller indices are

$$(3\ 6\ \bar{4})$$

The direction normal to this plane is given by $[3, 6, \bar{4}]$.

⑤ (a) C_4 rotation
 \ reflection

(b) same as (a)

(c) same as (a), plus
 C_2 rotation, C_4 rotation,

σ_d , σ_h , σ_v reflections,

inversion through the center
of the figure.

Only C_4 rotation & reflection
are shared by all three.