## Homework 2

Spectral functions and Green's functions in a perturbative expansion in U to second order in U.

1) Consider the symmetric  $(\epsilon_f = -\frac{U}{2})$  Anderson impurity model:

$$H = \sum_{k\sigma} \epsilon_k c_{k\sigma}^{\dagger} c_{k\sigma} + \sum_{k\sigma} (V_k c_{k\sigma}^{\dagger} f_{\sigma} + V_k^* f_{\sigma}^{\dagger} c_{k\sigma}) + \epsilon_f (n_{\uparrow} + n_{\downarrow}) + U n_{\uparrow} n_{\downarrow}$$

Take the gybridization function

$$\Delta(i\omega_n) = \sum_k \frac{|V_k|^2}{i\omega_n - \epsilon_k} = -i\Gamma \text{sign}\omega_n$$

where  $\Gamma = V^2 \rho = 1$  and  $epsilon_f = -U/2$ .

1) Evaluate numerically the Matsubara Green's function  $G(\tau)$  and plot it at  $\beta = 1, 1/10$ and 1/50 at U = 2.

2) Evaluate numerically the T = 0 spectral function and plot it for U = .5, 1, 1.5, 2, and 3.

Carry out the calculation for parts 1 and 2 in two schemes:

- a) bare perturbation  $\Sigma = \Sigma(G^0, U)$
- a) self-consistent perturbation theory  $\Sigma = \Sigma_{skel}(G, U)$ .

3) Derive an expression for the spectral function at finite temperatures and evaluate it for the same parameters as in part 2.