

7.1

$$L = \frac{1}{2} m \dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \dot{y}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \dot{z}^2 - mgz$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = 0 \quad \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} = 0 \quad \frac{\partial L}{\partial z} = -mg$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{x}} = m\dot{x} \quad \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{y}} = m\dot{y} \quad \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{z}} = m\dot{z}$$

$$1) \quad m\ddot{x} = 0$$

$$a_x = 0$$

$$2) \quad m\ddot{y} = 0$$

$$a_y = 0$$

$$3) \quad -mg - m\ddot{z} = 0$$

$$a_z = -g$$

, as expected

(7.3)

$$U = \frac{1}{2} k r^2$$

$$r^2 = x^2 + y^2$$

$$L = \frac{1}{2} m \dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \dot{y}^2 - \frac{1}{2} k x^2 - \frac{1}{2} k y^2$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = -kx \quad \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} = -ky \quad \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{x}} = m\dot{x} \quad \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{y}} = m\dot{y}$$

$$-kx - m\ddot{x} = 0$$

$$-ky - m\ddot{y} = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} x = A_1 \cos(\omega t + \delta_1) \\ y = A_2 \cos(\omega t + \delta_2) \end{cases}$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}$$

$A_1, A_2, \delta_1, \delta_2 \rightarrow \text{constants}$

generally: an ellipse

7.8



$$U = \frac{1}{2} k (x_1 - x_2 - l)^2$$

a)

$$L = \frac{1}{2} m \dot{x}_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \dot{x}_2^2 - \frac{1}{2} k (x_1 - x_2 - l)^2$$

b) $\bar{X} = \frac{1}{2} (x_1 + x_2)$ - center of mass

$se = x_1 - x_2 - l$ - extension of the spring.

$$x_1 = 2\bar{X} - x_2$$

add $se + x_1 = x_1 - x_2 - l + 2\bar{X} - x_2$

$$2x_2 = 2\bar{X} - l - se$$

$$\begin{cases} x_2 = \bar{X} - \frac{1}{2} (l + se) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = \bar{X} + \frac{1}{2} (l + se) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 = \dot{\bar{X}} + \frac{1}{2} \dot{se} \\ \dot{x}_2 = \dot{\bar{X}} - \frac{1}{2} \dot{se} \end{cases}$$

$$L = \frac{1}{2} m \left(\dot{\bar{X}} + \frac{1}{2} \dot{se} \right)^2 + \frac{m}{2} \left(\dot{\bar{X}} - \frac{1}{2} \dot{se} \right)^2 - \frac{1}{2} k se^2$$

$$L = \frac{1}{2} m \left(\dot{X} + \frac{1}{2} \dot{\varphi} e \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\dot{X} - \frac{1}{2} \dot{\varphi} e \right)^2 - \frac{1}{2} k \varphi e^2$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial X} = 0 \quad \frac{\partial L}{\partial \varphi} = -k \varphi e$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{X}} = m \left(\dot{X} + \frac{1}{2} \dot{\varphi} e \right) + m \left(\dot{X} - \frac{1}{2} \dot{\varphi} e \right) = 2m \dot{X}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\varphi}} = m \left(\dot{X} + \frac{1}{2} \dot{\varphi} e \right) \frac{1}{2} + m \left(\dot{X} - \frac{1}{2} \dot{\varphi} e \right) \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} m \dot{\varphi} e$$

$$\ddot{X} = 0$$

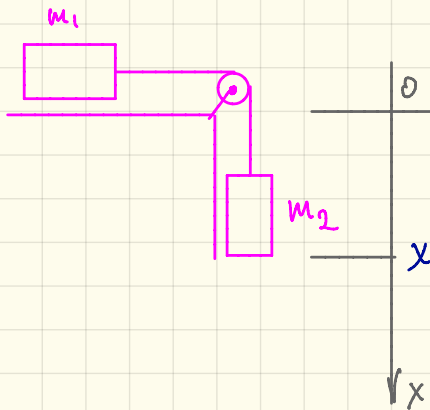
$$m \ddot{\varphi} e = -2k \varphi e$$

c) $X = A + Bt \rightarrow$ motion of center of mass with constant speed

$\varphi = C \cos(\omega t + \delta) \rightarrow$ oscillations

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{2k}{m}}$$

7.15



$$\mathcal{I} = \frac{1}{2} m_1 \dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 \dot{x}^2 + m_2 g x$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{I}}{\partial x} = m_2 g$$

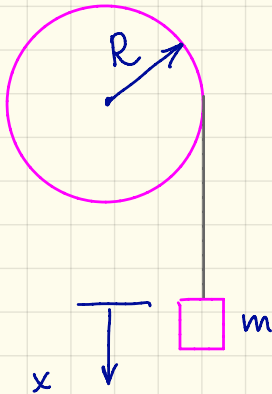
$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{I}}{\partial \dot{x}} = (m_1 + m_2) \dot{x}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{I}}{\partial x} - \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial \mathcal{I}}{\partial \dot{x}} = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad m_2 g = (m_1 + m_2) \ddot{x}$$

$$\ddot{x} = \frac{m_2}{m_1 + m_2} g$$

7.18

I

Constraint: $\omega R = \dot{x}$

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} m \dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2} I \omega^2 + mgx =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(m + I/R^2 \right) \dot{x}^2 + mgx$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x} = mg \quad \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{x}} = \left(m + \frac{I}{R^2} \right) \dot{x}$$

$$\frac{mR^2 + I}{R^2} \ddot{x} = mg$$

$$\ddot{x} = \frac{mR^2}{mR^2 + I} \cdot g$$