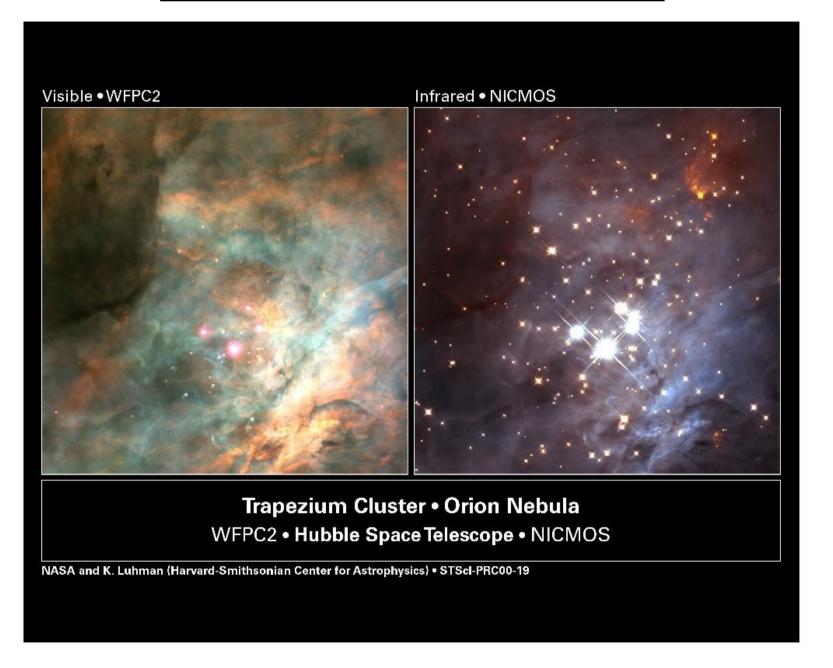
SAS Honors Seminar 259: Extraterrestrial Life

9/22/2008

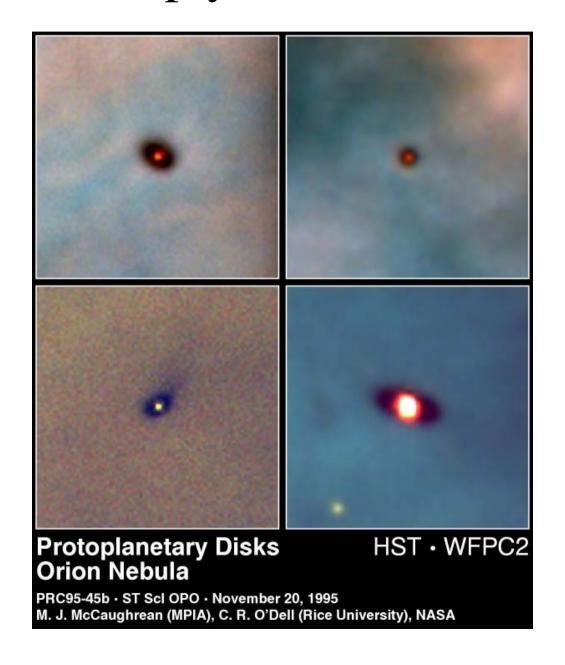
Star formation in Eagle Nebula



Star formation in Orion



"Proplyds" in Orion



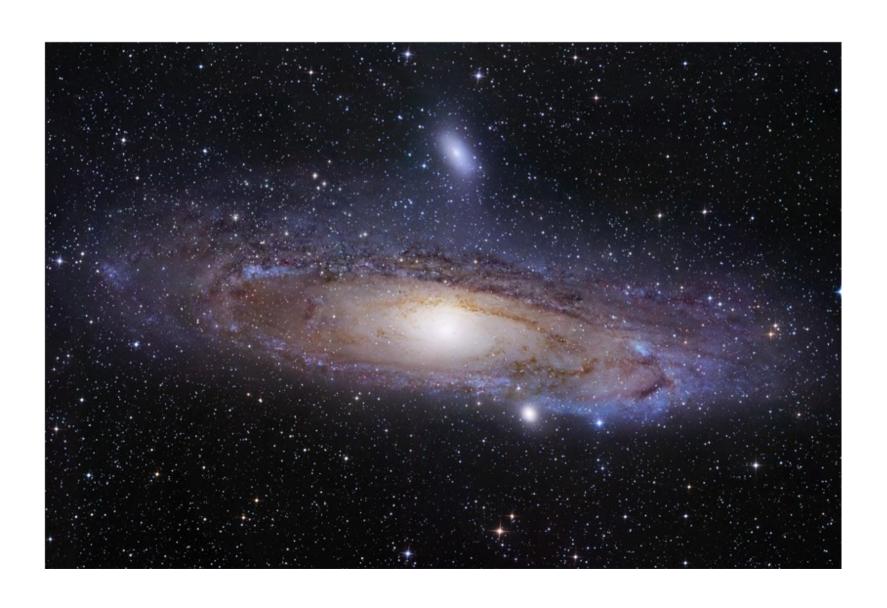
Two kinds of supernovae

Type I: a white dwarf in a binary system is pushed "over the edge" (Chandrasekhar limit = 1.4 solar masses) by the addition of just a bit too much mass from a companion.

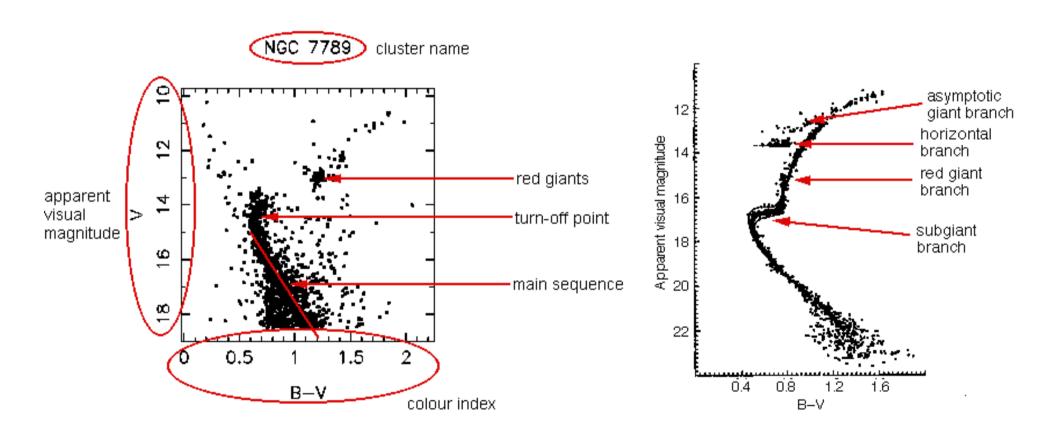
These produce lots of Fe.

Type II: a very massive star undergoes core collapse when it is unable to derive any more energy from nuclear fusion. These produce lots of "alpha elements" (Ca, Mg, etc.).

Components of a galaxy



HR diagrams



NGC 7789

47 Tuc

Wednesday's field trip (9/24)

Deep Sea Microbiology Lab (Prof. Costatino Vetriani)
Institute of Marine and Coastal Sciences (Cook Campus)

Meet by 4:35pm in main lobby, or (if late) look upstairs near room 204G.

Ask lots of questions!



Reading for Wednesday

Bennett & Shostak 5.5, 9.4 – background on extremophiles

Vetriani et al. (2005) – example of our host's work on

extremophile microbes – read all but "Materials and

Methods" section

Web site will have a reading guide (later this evening).

No formal discussion, but use this reading as basis for questions during the field trip.

Reading for next Monday (9/29)

Bennett & Shostak 3.3, 3.5, 4.6 – background on solar system

Stevenson (2001) – background on Jupiter's moons

Canup & Ward (2002) – proposed model for formation of

Jupiter's moons – read only abstract, §1, and §4

Canup & Ward (2006) – generalization of 2002 paper –

read only first page, figure captions, and last paragraph

Web site will have a reading guide (forthcoming).

Response paper for Monday (9/29)

Describe one or more aspects of our visit to Professor Vetriani's deep sea microbiology lab that you found especially interesting or surprising.



