

## Homework 6

Starting from the formula for the Lindhard dielectric function,

$$\epsilon(q, \omega) = 1 - \frac{8\pi e^2}{Vq^2} \sum_{\vec{k}} \frac{f_{\vec{k}} - f_{\vec{q}+\vec{k}}}{\epsilon_{\vec{k}} - \epsilon_{\vec{q}+\vec{k}} - \hbar\omega + i\eta}, \quad (1)$$

show that its imaginary part  $\epsilon_2$  is given by

$$\epsilon_2(q, \omega) \approx \frac{\pi \lambda^2 \omega}{2 q^2 q v_F} \quad (2)$$

in the limit  $q \ll k_F$  and  $\omega \ll qv_F$ . Here  $\lambda$  is the Thomas-Fermi wave vector and  $v_F$  is the Fermi velocity. Use that to find the imaginary part of the phonon frequency and hence the phonon lifetime for a simple metal as limited by electron-hole pair excitation for the Bohm-Staver approximation as discussed in class.