

ELECTRICITY & MAGNETISM II

Midterm Exam

Room: SEC-204

Time: February 29, (Thursday), 12:10-1:30 pm

Ground rules

- There are four problems based on the material listed below.
- This is a closed book, closed notes exam.
- Partial credit will be given. Do as many parts of a problem as possible.

Program

- **PRELIMINARIES**

Space in Classical Physics: Cartesian space. Euclidean structure. Curvilinear coordinates. Metric-preserving coordinate transformations. Translations of the origin. Proper and improper orthogonal transformations. Euler's theorem. Isometries of \mathbb{E}^3 . Active and passive points of view.

Suggested literature: Lecture notes

Secs.1.2.1-1.2.4,1.7 in [3]

Secs. 4.1-4.6 in [4]

Euclidean tensors: Euclidean vectors and pseudovectors. Levi-Cevita symbol. Cross product. Matrix of finite rotations. Kronecker product. Tensors. Invariant tensors and pseudotensors. Tensors of rank two. Irreducible representations of $SO(3)$. Angular momentum addition. Parity transformations. Irreducible representations of $O(3)$.

Suggested literature: Lecture notes

Secs. 1.2.5,1.8 in [3]

Secs. 4.7,4.8 in [4]

Spacetime in Classical Physics: Event. Causal structure in classical spacetime. Inertial frames. Galilean transformations. Galilean principle of relativity. Newton's first law.

Suggested literature: Lecture notes

Sec.22.2 in [3]

- **KINEMATICS OF SPECIAL RELATIVITY**

Spacetime in Special Relativity: Causal structure in Special Relativity. Light cone. Space-time interval. Proper time. Pseudo-Euclidean (Minkowski) space $\mathbb{M}^{1,3}$. Einstein principle of relativity.

Suggested literature: Lecture notes

§§1-3 in [1]

Sec. 11.1 in [2]

Sec. 22.3 in [3]

Sec. 7.1 in [4]

Lorentz group: Definition. Parity and time reversal transformations. Proper, improper, orthochronous, non-orthochronous Lorentz transformations. General structure of the Lorentz group. Lorentz boosts. Group of proper, orthochronous Lorentz transformations $SO^+(1, 3)$.

Suggested literature: Lecture notes

§§4, 5 in [1]

Sec. 11.2 in [2]

Sec. 22.4 in [3]

Tensors in the Minkowski space: 4-velocity. Covariant and contravariant vectors. Tensors of rank 2. Metric tensor. Inner product in the Minkowski space. Tensors of higher rank in $\mathbb{M}^{1,3}$. Levi-Cevita symbol in $\mathbb{M}^{1,3}$. Pseudotensors.

Suggested literature: Lecture notes

§§6, 7 in [1]

Secs. 11.3, 11.4, 11.6 in [2]

Secs. 22.5.1, 22.5.2 in [3]

Matrix representations of the Lorentz group: Rank 2 antisymmetric tensor. Quadratic invariants. Finite dimensional irreducible representations of $SO^+(1, 3)$, $O^+(1, 3)$ and $O(1, 3)$.

Suggested literature: Lecture notes

- **COVARIANT FORM OF MAXWELL'S EQUATIONS**

First pair of Maxwell's eqs.: Fields. Field-strength tensor. Covariant form(s) of the first pair of Maxwell's eqs.

Suggested literature: Lecture notes

§§23-26 in [1]

Secs. 11.9, 11.10 in [2]

Simple physics behind Maxwell's eqs: Stokes's theorem. Faraday's law of induction. Monopoles. Gauss-Ostrogradsky theorem. Gauss's law. Ampère's law. Displacement current.

Suggested literature: Lecture notes

§§23-25 in [1]

Secs. 1.3, 1.4, 5.1-5.3, 5.15, 6.1, 6.11, 6.12 in [2]

Secs. 1.4, 2.1, 2.2 in [3]

Second pair of Maxwell's eqs.: Covariant form. 4-current. The continuity equation.

Suggested literature: Lecture notes

§§28-30 in [1]

Sec. 1.5 in [3]

Differential p -forms: Helmholtz's decomposition theorem. Definition of differential p -forms. Exterior derivative. Closed and exact forms. Poincaré lemma.

Suggested literature: Lecture notes

Sec. 1.9 in [3]

4-potential: Definition. Bianchi identity. Maxwell's equation in terms of the 4-potential. Gauge invariance. Gauge fixing condition. Lorenz gauge.

Suggested literature: Lecture notes

§18 in [1]

Secs.6.2,6.3 in [2]

Secs.15.3 in [3]

• VARIATIONAL PRINCIPLE

Poisson's equation in curvilinear coordinates: Variational principle for Poisson's equation. Laplacian in curvilinear coordinates. Orthogonal coordinates.

Suggested literature: Lecture notes

Secs.1.7-1.12 in [2]

Variational principle for Maxwell's equations: The principle of least action in relativistic Field Theory. Lagrangian density. Euler-Lagrange equations. The action functional of the electromagnetic field.

Suggested literature: Lecture notes

§§27,30,32 in [1]

Sec.12.7 in [2]

Secs.13.1,13.2 in [4]

Functional action for particles in electromagnetic field: The principle of least action for a free moving particle. Point-like charge in an external field. Covariant form of the equation of motions. Energy conservation law for a charge in an external field. Energy density and energy flux. Pointing vector.

Suggested literature: Lecture notes

§§8,9,15 – 17 in [1]

Secs.6.7,12.1 in [2]

Secs.7.9,7.10 in [4]

Literature

[1] L D Landau and E.M. Lifshitz "The Classical Theory of Fields", Volume 2

[2] J.D. Jackson "Classical Electrodynamics" 3rd edition

[3] A. Zangwill, "Modern Electrodynamics", 1st edition

[4] H.Goldstein, C. Poole and J. Safko, "Classical Mechanics", 3rd edition