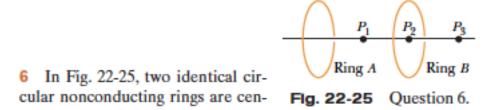
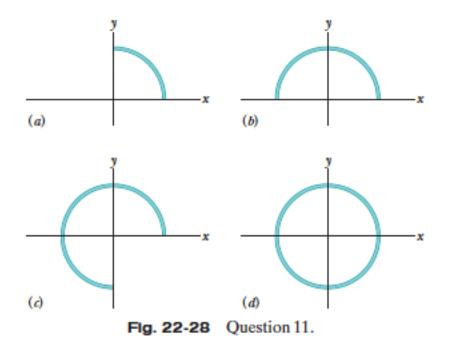
Physics 227H, Fall 2020: Problems for Recitation 3



tered on the same line. For three situations, the uniform charges on rings A and B are, respectively, (1) q_0 and q_0 , (2) $-q_0$ and $-q_0$, and (3) $-q_0$ and q_0 . Rank the situations according to the magnitude of the net electric field at (a) point P_1 midway between the rings, (b) point P_2 at the center of ring B, and (c) point P_3 to the right of ring B, greatest first.

11 In Fig. 22-28*a*, a circular plastic rod with uniform charge +Q produces an electric field of magnitude *E* at the center of curvature (at the origin). In Figs. 22-28*b*, *c*, and *d*, more circular rods, each with identical uniform charges +Q, are added until the circle is complete. A fifth arrangement (which would be labeled *e*) is like that in *d* except the rod in the fourth quadrant has charge -Q. Rank the five arrangements according to the magnitude of the electric field at the center of curvature, greatest first.



••31 SSM ILW WWW In Fig. 22-49, a nonconducting rod of length L = 8.15 cm has a charge -q = -4.23 fC uniformly distributed along its length. (a) What is the linear charge density of the

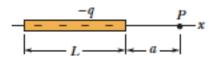
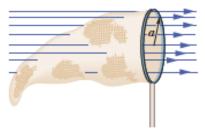


Fig. 22-49 Problem 31.

rod? What are the (b) magnitude and (c) direction (relative to the positive direction of the x axis) of the electric field produced at point P, at distance a = 12.0 cm from the rod? What is the electric field magnitude produced at distance a = 50 m by (d) the rod and (e) a particle of charge -q = -4.23 fC that replaces the rod? •56 An electric dipole consists of charges +2e and -2e separated by 0.78 nm. It is in an electric field of strength 3.4×10^6 N/C. Calculate the magnitude of the torque on the dipole when the dipole moment is (a) parallel to, (b) perpendicular to, and (c) antiparallel to the electric field.

•4 In Fig. 23-28, a butterfly net is in a uniform electric field of magnitude E = 3.0 mN/C. The rim, a circle of radius a = 11 cm, is aligned perpendicular to the field. The net contains no net charge. Find the electric flux through the netting.

•5 In Fig. 23-29, a proton is a distance d/2 directly above the center of a square of side d. What is the magnitude of the electric flux through the square? (*Hint:* Think of the square as one face of a cube with edge d.)



Flg. 23-28 Problem 4.

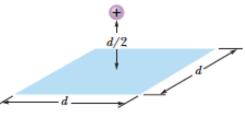


Fig. 23-29 Problem 5.

•7 A point charge of 1.8 μ C is at the center of a Gaussian cube 55 cm on edge. What is the net electric flux through the surface?

••11 Figure 23-31 shows a closed ***** Gaussian surface in the shape of a cube of edge **Fig. 23-30** length 2.00 m, with one corner at $x_1 = 5.00$ m, Problem 10. $y_1 = 4.00$ m. The cube lies in a region where the electric field vector is given by $\vec{E} = -3.00\hat{i} - 4.00y^2\hat{j} + 3.00\hat{k}$ N/C, with y in meters. What is the net charge contained by the cube?

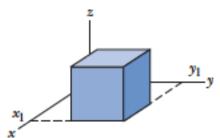


Fig. 23-31 Problem 11.