# Physics 343 Lecture # 8: Green Bank trip; lab # 4; interferometry

#### This week's schedule (and beyond)

Wednesday 11:59pm: report for lab # 3 due by email (PDF please)
Monday – Thursday: "hands on" lab session for lab # 4, using
Difmap to analyze CO observations of an ultraluminous
infrared galaxy (ULIRG)

Monday (Baker) & Thursday (Wu): regular office hours

(before) Friday: email your preferences re Green Bank trip

for Monday: start thinking about topics for last lecture!

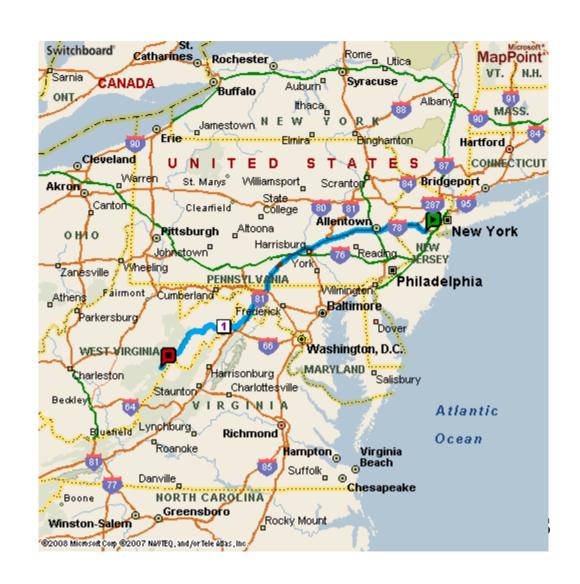
Next week: "on call" office hours for lab 4. (All previous classes have found it very useful to attend and work with instructor for this particular lab...)

### Trip to Green Bank: 4/17-19

Friday, 4/17: drive NJ → GB

Saturday, 4/18: tours, observing session(s)

Sunday, 4/19: drive GB → NJ



### Observing at Green Bank: 40 ft telescope

#### **Compared to SRT:**

D = 12m, so area larger by factor 28.

Located in radio quiet zone, so less RFI.

Transit telescope: doesn't track.

Data acquisition less automated.



#### Observing at Green Bank: instructor

**Sue Ann Heatherly** 

Education Officer,
National Radio
Astronomy Observatory

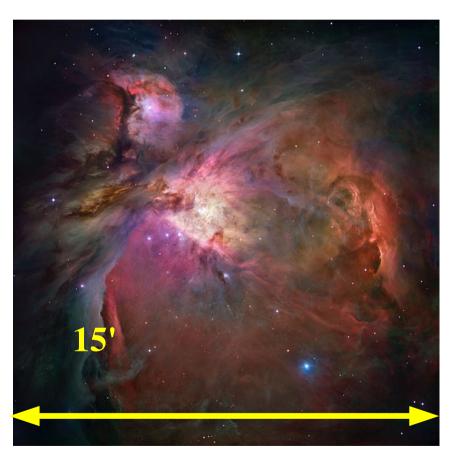
PI of a \$892,000 grant from the National Science Foundation to involve teachers and students in the discover



students in the discovery of new pulsars.

#### Observing at Green Bank: target(s)

~4pm EDT: Orion Nebula (500 pc)



optional:

~5am EDT: Galactic Center (8 kpc)



Spitzer Space Telescope (infrared)

Hubble Space Telescope (optical)

# Staying at Green Bank: instructors



two "chaperone" rooms

#### Staying at Green Bank: students



bunks in the two bunkrooms have hard plastic mattresses: bring pillows + sheets or sleeping bags + alarm clocks...

# Staying at Green Bank: students



...and bring towels.

#### Staying at Green Bank: common area



For doing homework, lab analysis, etc. (internet access tricky: no wireless on the Green Bank site, and no cell phone service...).

### What I need from you via email by Friday

- (1) Do you plan to come on the trip?
- (2) Do you need me to write a letter to a boss or teacher so that you will be able to participate?
- (3) How early can you leave campus on Friday, and how late can you return on Sunday?
- (4) Can you drive your own car (if necessary), and how many passengers can you comfortably fit if so?
- (5) Do you have any special dietary constraints?

#### Introduction to Lab # 4

This will be an introduction to interferometric data.

You will be working with archival data from the IRAM Plateau de Bure Interferometer (located in the Alps outside Grenoble, France).

This facility has
recently been
approved for
expansion into the
Northern Extended
Millimeter Array
(NOEMA).



#### Lab # 4: "observations"

These observations have been obtained in the  $CO(J = 1 \rightarrow 0)$  rotational transition, whose rest frequency is 115.271204 GHz.

The target is an ultraluminous infrared galaxy (ULIRG), in which the merger of two progenitor galaxies (e.g., at right) has triggered an intense starburst within the large gas mass that has coalesced at the system's center of mass.



# Lab # 4: data analysis

The data have already been calibrated (i.e., corrected for changes in the instrument response with time and frequency).

You will be taking the calibrated data (i.e., in the Fourier plane) at each frequency and making maps from them. This will require that you use the Difmap package for deconvolution.

Class handout = Difmap cookbook; useful website = http://www.astro.caltech.edu/~tjp/citvlb/

#### Lab # 4: hints on Linux

You will again be using astrolab, which runs Linux. As a reminder of some helpful commands:

cd changes current working directory

cp copies existing file to a new name or location

gs view a PostScript file

ls lists contents of current directory

mkdir creates a new directory

mv moves a file to a new name or location

ps2pdf convert a PostScript file to a PDF file

rm removes a file

rmdir removes a directory

# Lab # 4: preparation for lab

#### Before you come to lab this week, if possible:

- (1) Add relevant commands to your .bashrc file on astrolab so that you can run Difmap.
- (2) Read through the instructions for lab # 4 and be prepared to ask questions about anything that's not clear.
- (3) Skim sections 1-7 of the "Difmap cookbook" (skipping section 4.2, which is not relevant). You should focus on the main commands you will need to use for this lab: observe select device uvplot radplot vplot mapunit mapsize uvweight mapplot clean

# Lab # 4: hints on Difmap devices

The trickiest part of using Difmap is (re)setting the output device.

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(1) to screen:
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"device /xwin"

(2) to hardcopy (an example that produces an output PS file):

"device output.ps/vcps" [for vertical

"mapplot cln"

"device /xwin"

[for vertical, color]

[creates the plot you want]

[resets the device to screen!]

# Greetings from last week's guests!

